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The UV and VIS Absorption Spectra of Jatrorubine

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> The absorption spectra of water, methanolic, ethanolic and propanolic solutions of jatrorubine in the VIS and UV spectral range were recorded. The acidity and the alkalinity of the solutions were changed in the wide range from pH = 2 to pH = 13 by the addition of KOH and HCl in the solutions. From the influence of pH on the shapes of the absorption curves, it was concluded that jatrorubine exists as quaternary aminic cation in the acidic medium and as the resonance dipole molecula in the basic media, but no evidence for the existence of carbinolic form was found. The results were compared with the literature data.

Jatrorubine is a synthetic derivative of berberine (Figure 1.). It was synthesized for the first time by pyrolysis of jatrorhizine chloride in an atmosphere of CO, at a temperature of 190 for 3 hours1.

Figure 1. The alkaloids of the protoberberinic group: 1 — berberine, 2 — jatrorhizine, 3 berberrubine, 4 — jatrorubine

In acidic media, berberine and its derivatives are cyclic, quaternary aminic cations $^{2-8}$. In strongly alkaline solutions $(pH > 10)^{3,4}$ berberine turns into a carbinolic (or a cyclic amino-aldehydic) form $^{2-4}$. Although predicted², the carbonylic (or the open amino-aldehydic) form of berberine has not been found^{3,4}. In slightly basic solutions, the phenolic group of jatrorhizine dissociates and the molecule becomes a dipole³. Higher concentrations of hydroxy ions stimulates its conversion into a sarbinolic form^{3,4}. Berberrubine reacts similarly to jatrorhizine⁵⁻⁸, but its dipole ionic state is so stable that no existence of the carbinolic form has been found⁸. This characteristic of berberrubine has made Frerichs believe that it possesses an oxygen bridge between carbon C9 and N atoms⁹.

The spectral characteristics of jatrorubine have not yet been examined, although its structure is very interesting because it possesses both the jatrorhizinic and the berberrubinic phenolic groups. In order to analyze the changing of its molecular structure under the influence of different pH and solvent properties, we have undertaken measurements of the absorption spectra of jatrorubine in four different media (water, abs. methanol, abs. ethanol and abs. propanol) and in the wide pH-range between pH = 2 and pH = 13. The aim of this work is to present the results of htese measurements.

EXPERIMENTAL

For the preparation of solutions, the following chemicals were used: abs. methanol, abs. ethanol, abs. propanol, KOH and HCl (all p.a. »Merck«), distilled water and jatrorubine chloride synthesized by the Feist method

The purity of jatrorubine was checked by thin-layer chromatography until only one spot was detected (stationary phase was Stahl's silica-gel and mobile phase was a 15% solution of $\rm NH_4OH$ in methanol). Stock solutions of jatrorubine, KOH and HCl in all four solvents were prepared. Four series (20 solutions each) of $5~10^{-5}$ (mol dm $^{-3}$) jatrorubine chloride were prepared. The concentrations of HCl and KOH added varied from $2.5~10^{-5}$ to 0.5 (mol dm $^{-3}$). In every series there was one solution in which neither HCl nor KOH was added. The pH of the solutions was detected by a pH-meter E 603 Metrohm Herisau with a combined glass-calomel electrode. The pH-values of the alcoholic solutions were measured directly in the absolute alcohols. A Universal Spectrophotometer Carl Zeiss Jena with 1 (cm) glass cells and a spectrophotometer PMQ II Zeiss-Opton with 1 (cm) quartz cells were used for the measurements in the visible and ultraviolet spectral ranges respectively. All the measurements were made at room temperature, within one hour after the preparation of the solutions.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

In Table I the positions of the absorption maxima and the extinction coefficients (ϵ) of jatrorubine in the four different solvents are presented.

In Table II comparative results of repeated measurements with berberine, jatrorhizine and berberrubine^{3,4,8} are given.

In the acidic solutions all four substances have similar spectra, so we can conclude that jatrorubine exists as quaternary aminic cation in acidic medium. The influence of the jatrorubine auxochromes on the berberine maxima can be noticed: the first maximum is hypsochromically shifted (as in jatrorhizine), the second and the fourth maxima are bathochromically shifted (as in berberrubine), the third maximum is untouched, but the jatrorhizine maximum at 238—242 (nm) does not exist.

TABLE I
The Absorption Maxima of Jatrorubine

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990/94000) 976/99900) 990/8000)*	226(11000)			400(4200)	1	1	540(1740)	7.83	KOH	rose
220(24000) 210(22200) 320(8000)" — 303(8100) 400(3200) — 340(1310) 13.33 AOL	A 220(24000) 276(22200)	320(8000)*	I	385(6700)	460(3200)		540(1910)	13.95	KOH	rose

* covered by 276 nm peak

TABLE II The Absorption Maxima of Berberine^{3,4}, Jatrorhizine^{3,4}, and Berberrubine⁸

		5 M	5 M				2 M	2 M				2 M	2 M				2 M	7/1	
HCI	2.egyow	KOH<0.05	KOH>0.05	2000	HCI		KOH<0.05	KOH>0.05	Lowell	HCI		KOH<0.05	KOH>0.05		HCI	1	KOH<0.05	WOUNDY	
9 1	-1	490	490	H		513	513	513				516	516	3		516	516	516	
441	Ĭ	1	Ĭ	Die C	447	447	1		À	450	450	1	1		450	1	1		
	٦	380	380		-	392	392	392		1	1	396	396		1	399	399	000	
235 268 — 348 —	348	1	1		355			-		356	356	1			359	-	1		
1	1	330	330		1	328	328	328			1	329	329		-	332	330	066	
268	268	569	268	200	278	278	278	278		276	276	276	276		278	278	278	046	
235	235	235	235		238	238	238	238	ê	240	240	240	240		240	240	240	070	
1	2380	457	457			1	487	487				200			1		518		
425	425	I	1		433	433			100	436	436	1		ā	440				
		372	370		1	1	388	386		1	404	398	375	8	1	417	404	00,	
24 — 274 340	340	348	1	N	350	350	. [1		348	348	-			352	354	362		
274	274	262	290		264	265	1	1		264	264	1			264	266		000	
1		238	244		238	240	248	248		242	242	248	248		240	242	248		
224	224	227	230		226	226	230	220		228	228	230	1				-		
422	422	422	422		431	431	431	1		431	431	431	1	3	431	431	431		
346	346	346	346	388	349	349	349	(349)*		351	351	351	(351)		352	352	352	(020)	
262	262	262	262	2 121 2	266	266	266	(266)		266	266	266	(596)	1813	268	268	268	(000)	
227 26	227	227	227	17,380	230	230	230	1	1.500	236	236	236		855600	238	238	238		
	water					methanol					lonsdtə					propanol			

* very small peaks

In basic solutions, jatrorubine exhibits five absorption maxima, similarly to berberrubine, which can be recognized as the result of the dissociation of one of the phenolic groups (Figures 2 and 3). The similarity between the spectra of berberrubine and jatrorubine and the large dissimilarity between the spectra of jatrorhizine and jatrorubine, made us believe that the phenolic group which dissociates in slightly basic solutions is that based on the C9 atom, i. e. the same one as in the berberrubine molecule. In this way, jatrorubine becomes a dipole molecule with similar stability as berberrubine dipole which can be a reason why the further addition of KOH (up to 0.5 mol dm⁻³) does not provoke any spectral changes characteristica for the appearance of the carbinolic form of jatrorubine (vanishing of the absorption peaks in the visible spectral range and decreasing of the extinction coefficients of the peaks in the UV spectral range — see berberine, Table II).

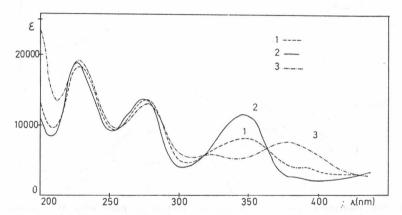


Figure 2. The absorption spectra of water solutions of jatrorubine (UV spectral range) $1-pH=5.03;\ 2-pH=3.13;\ 3-pH=11.50$

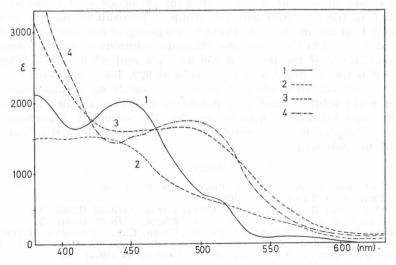


Figure 3. The absorption spectra of water solutions of jatrorubine (visible spectral range) 1 - pH = 3.13; 2 - pH = 4.11; 3 - pH = 5.03; 4 - pH = 12.70

In methanolic solutions (for pH > 6) the fifth peak at 540 (nm) appears, but in propanolic solutions (for pH > 11) greater differences between jatrorubine and berberrubine spectra arise. Beside the 540 (nm) maximum (which is now much bigger than in methanolic solutions), in the strongest alkaline solutions a second maximum at 460 (nm) appears so that now two absorption peaks exist in the visible range. At the same time the extinction coefficients of the peaks at 220 and 276 (nm) greatly increase (Figure 4). The maximum at 460 (nm) can be compared with the jatrorhizinic one at 457 (nm) (in the basic water solutions), so, all these changes may be considered as the result of the dissociation of the second phenolic group, that based on the C3 atom.

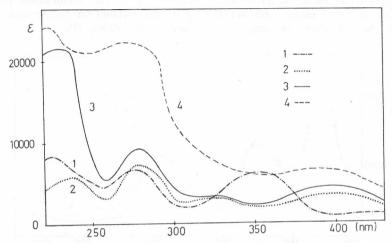


Figure 4. The absorption spectra of propanolic solution of jatrorubine (UV spectral range) 1 - pH = 1.13; 2 - pH = 6.21; 3 - pH = 12.14; 4 - pH = 13.95

The choice of solvent has a significant influence on the degree of the dissociation of the first (C9) phenolic group of jatrorubine. As can be noticed from Table I, in the methanolic solution this group is undissociated (the peaks at 350 and 450 nm) in the water and ethanolic solutions it is partly dissociated (parallel existence of the peaks at 350 and 500 nm) while in the propanolic, solutions it is totally dissociated (the peaks at 320, 400 and 490 nm.)

Finally, we can conclude that jatrorubine exists as a quaternary aminic cation in acidic solutions and as a resonance dipole in alkaline solutions, but in the strongly alkaline propanolic solution the second (C3) phenolic group, probably dissociates too. The carbinolic form of jatrorubine does not appear in any of the solvents.

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SAŽETAK

O apsorpcijskim spektrima jatrorubina

Š. Komorsky-Lovrić i Z. Gašparec

Opisane su apsorpcije vodenih, metanolnih, etanolnih i propanolnih otopina jatrorubina u ultraljubičastom i vidljivom dijelu spektra. Dodatkom HCl i KOH mijenjan je pH otopina od 2 do 13. Na osnovu zavisnosti apsorpcijskih karakteristika jatrorubina o pH otopina diskutirano je njegovo moguće ionsko stanje. Zakljućeno je da se jatrorubin u kiselom nalazi u obliku kvartarnog aminskog kationa, a u bazičnim otopinama disocira fenolna grupa na C9 atomu i molekula postaje dipol. Nisu pronađeni dokazi o postojanju karbinolne forme jatrorubina niti kod najviših pH vrijednosti, ali postoje neke indicije da u jako alkalnim propanolnim otopinama dolazi do disocijacije i druge fenolne skupine (C3) jatrorubina. Rezultati su uspoređeni sa literaturnim podacima.

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